



Name _____

Period _____

Date _____

SECTION
4.2

OVERVIEW OF PHOTOSYNTHESIS

Study Guide

KEY CONCEPT

The overall process of photosynthesis produces sugars that store chemical energy.

VOCABULARY

photosynthesis

light-dependent reactions

chlorophyll

light-independent reactions

thylakoid

MAIN IDEA: Photosynthetic organisms are producers.

1. Why are some organisms called producers?

2. What is the function of photosynthesis?

3. What is chlorophyll?

MAIN IDEA: Photosynthesis in plants occurs in chloroplasts.

4. What are chloroplasts?

5. In which two parts of a chloroplast does photosynthesis take place?

6. What are thylakoids?

7. Write the chemical equation for the overall process of photosynthesis. Then explain what the equation means and identify the reactants, products, and the meaning of the several arrows.

8. What are the differences between the light-dependent reactions and the light-independent reactions?

STUDY GUIDE, CONTINUED

Use the space below to sketch and label a chloroplast. On the sketch, write the four steps of the photosynthesis process.

Photosynthesis**Vocabulary Check**

9. The prefix *photo-* means “light,” and *synthesis* means “to put together.” How do those meanings tell you what happens during photosynthesis?
-
10. The prefix *chloro-* means “green,” and the suffix *-phyll* means “leaf.” How are these meanings related to chlorophyll?
-
11. The prefix *in-* means “not.” How does this meaning tell you which reactions in photosynthesis require light, and which reactions do not?
-
-